

REVISION (THE FIRST SEMESTER)-G12

(Unit 4,5,6,7,8)

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions

1. A. parallel B. dependent C. educate D. primary
2. A. physical B. achievement C. government D. national
3. A. university B. application C. technology D. entertainment
4. A. mathematics B. engineering C. scientific D. laboratory
5. A. stressful B. pressure C. prepare D. future
6. A. employment B. remember C. concentrate D. position
7. A. optimistic B. unexpected C. environment D. electricity
8. A. contribute B. confident C. eternal D. eradicate

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions

9. A. requirements B. subject C. secondary D. levels
10. A. equivalent B. technique C. question D. quite
11. A. choice B. achieve C. each D. chemistry
12. A. average B. indicate C. application D. grade
13. A. interview B. minute C. question D. suitable
14. A. explained B. disappointed C. prepared D. interviewed
15. A. breach B. threatened C. healthy D. great
16. A. link B. fit C. wipe D. system

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

17. I have just taken a Test of English as a Foreign Language or TOEFL _____ short.
A. of B. in C. on D. for
18. In England schooling is compulsory _____ all children from the age of 5 to 16.
A. with B. for C. to D. over
19. In England, primary education is provided by state schools run by the government and by _____ fee-paying schools.
A. independent B. independently C. depended D. independence
20. He did not do well at school and left with few _____ qualifications.
A. academic B. academy
C. academician D. academically

21. A/an _____ is an official document stating that you have passed an examination, completed a course, or achieved some necessary qualifications.
A. certificate B. requirement C. education D. test
22. She was the first in her family to enjoy the privilege of a university _____.
A. schedule B. education C. science D. technology
23. _____ is the study of the Earth's physical features and the people, plants, and animals that live in different regions of the world.
A. Science B. Geography C. History D. Technology
24. Fee-paying schools, often called "independent schools", "private schools" or "_____ schools"
A. college B. primary C. secondary D. public
25. In the UK, _____ schools refer to government-funded schools which provide education free of charge to pupils.
A. state B. secondary C. independent D. primary
26. The functional skills such as fundamentals of agriculture, health and hygiene and population education have also been incorporated in the primary school _____.
A. curriculum B. project C. plan D. schedule
27. This car _____.
A. was manufactured in Japan by Toyota last year
B. was manufactured by Toyota last year in Japan
C. was manufactured last year in Japan by Toyota
D. last year was manufactured by Toyota in Japan
28. _____ to you yet?
A. Are the book been giving back B. Was the book been given back
C. Has been the book given back D. Has the book been given back
29. These students _____ so much that they feel very tired and bored.
A. are made to study B. are made study
C. are making to study D. ate made to be studied
30. Portugues _____ as an official language in this city since three hundred years ago.
A. has always been spoken B. has been spoken always
C. has always spoken D. had always spoken
31. More than ten victims _____ missing in the storm last week.
A. are reported to be B. are reported to have been
C. are reporting to have been D. are reporting to be

32. Something _____ immediately to prevent teenagers from _____ in factories and mines.
 A. should be done / being exploited B. we should do / exploiting
 C. should do / be exploited D. should have done / exploited
33. Many parents do not let their children make a decision _____ their future career.
 A. in B. about C. on D. out
34. You are old enough. I think it is high time you applied _____ a job
 A. in B. of C. for D. upon
35. He has not been offered the job because he cannot meet the _____ of the company.
 A. requirements B. applicants C. information D. education
36. _____ education is normally taken to include undergraduate and postgraduate education, as well as vocational education and training.
 A. Primary B. Tertiary C. Secondary D. Intermediate
37. The University of Cambridge is a prestigious _____ of higher learning in the UK
 A. tower B. hall C. house D. institute
38. A _____ is an official document that you receive when you have completed a course of study or training.
 A. vocation B. subject C. certificate D. grade
39. In many countries, prospective university students apply for _____ during their last year of high school.
 A. achievement B. information C. course D. admission
40. A university is an -institution of higher education and research, which grants _____ degrees at all levels in a variety of subjects.
 A. secondary B. optional C. academic D. vocational
41. If you _____ to my advice, you _____ in trouble now.
 A. listened / were not B. listen / are not.
 C. had listened / would not have been D. had listened / would not be
42. If you take the 8 a.m. flight to New York you _____ change planes.
 A. could not have to B. will not have to
 C. had not had to D. would not to have to
43. If it _____ warm yesterday, we would have gone to the beach.
 A. was B. were C. had been D. could be
44. If it _____ an hour ago, the streets _____ wet now.
 A. were raining / will be B. had rained / would be

- C. rained / would be
D. had rained / would have been
45. _____ here, he would helped us with these troubles.
A. Were Peter
B. If were Peter
C. Unless were Peter
D. Unless Peter were
46. _____ that problem with the car, we wouldn't have missed the speech.
A. If we had had
B. If had we had
C. Unless we had had
D. Provided that we had had
47. Parents can express a _____ for the school their child attends.
A. prefer
B. preference
C. preferential
D. preferable
48. Many people have objected to the use of animals in _____ experiments.
A. science
B. scientist
C. scientific
D. scientifically
49. It is of great importance to create a good impression _____ your interviewer.
A. on
B. about
C. for
D. at
50. Good preparations _____ your job interview is a must.
A. with
B. upon
C. in
D. for
51. Many children are under such a high _____ of learning that they do not feel happy at school.
A. recommendation
B. interview
C. pressure
D. concentration
52. She likes meeting people and travelling so she wants to apply for a _____ of a receptionist or tourist guide.
A. location
B. position
C. site
D. word
53. To my _____, I was not offered the job.
A. happiness
B. dream
C. joy
D. disappointment
54. Being well-dress and punctual can help you create a good _____ on your interviewer.
A. impression
B. pressure
C. employment
D. effectiveness
55. She often reads newspapers and look through the Situations _____ columns every day, but up to now she has not found any job yet.
A. Article
B. Space
C. Vacant
D. Spot
56. Many people will be out of _____ if the factory is closed.
A. work
B. career
C. profession
D. job
57. Is there anything else _____ you want to ask?
A. what
B. where
C. whom
D. that
58. _____ one of the most creative artists in rock 'n roll, came from California.
A. Frank Zappa, who was
B. Frank Zappa was

- C. Frank Zappa, that was
D. Frank Zappa whom was
59. He came to the party wearing only a pair of shorts and a T-shirt, _____ was a stupid thing to do.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
60. He lives in a small town _____.
A. where is called Taunton B. which is called Taunton
C. is called Taunton D. that called Taunton
61. Wild fires are common in the forest areas of Australia, of the US and Canada, _____ the climate is moist.
A. in where B. in that C. where D. which
62. King Henry, _____ was Elizabeth I, led England into the Age of Empire.
A. daughter B. whom daughter C. which daughter D. whose daughter
63. _____ is increasing, which results from economic crisis.
A. Employment B. Unemployment C. Employ D. Unemployed
64. He was offered the job thanks to his _____ performance during his job interview.
A. impress B. impression C. impressive D. impressively
65. He remains deeply pessimistic _____ the peace process.
A. in B. on C. to D. about
66. Cars will run _____ anything from electricity to methane gas.
A. on B. to C. for D. in
67. In the great _____ of the 1930s, many businesses and banks failed and millions of people lost their jobs.
A. development B. boom C. depression D. reformation
68. I've always had a fairly _____ outlook on life.
A. optimist B. optimistic C. optimism D. optimized
69. Old people often try to _____ on heating, thus endangering their health.
A. economize B. economic C. economist D. economically
70. There will be powerful network of computers which may come from a single computing _____ that is worn on or in the body.
A. device B. machinery C. equipment D. vehicle
71. The more powerful weapons are, the more terrible the _____ is.
A. creativity B. history C. terrorism D. technology
72. TV _____ of the electoral campaign is at 7PM.

- A. coverage B. covering C. covers D. covered
73. Domestic chores are now no longer a _____ thanks to the inventions of electronic devices.
- A. bound B. weight C. burden D. load
74. Peter loves kitchen work. He always helps his wife _____ the dishes.
- A. wash through B. wash over C. wash away D. wash up
75. Making mistakes is all _____ of growing up.
- A. part and parcel B. chalk and cheese
C. top and bottom D. odds and ends
76. The students enjoyed the online course _____ they found it useful for their studies.
- A. despite B. because C. although D. because of
77. When the tenants failed to pay their bill, the authorities decided to _____ the gas supply to the flat.
- A. cut down B. cut out C. cut off D. cut up
78. We had the school picnic _____.
- A. even though the rain B. despite of the rain
C. although it raining D. In spite of the rain

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions

79. It is required for all students to take the entrance examination in order to attend the university.
- A. useful B. compulsory C. optional D. important
80. All children can attend without paying fees at state schools.
- A. primary schools B. secondary schools C. high schools D. independent schools
81. He was once a benevolent man who gave a lot of his money to local charities
- A. generous B. selfish C. innocent D. bossy
82. It's not beyond the realm of possibility that some schools may have to cut sport altogether.
- A. possible B. impossible C. unlikely D. certain
83. Projects like Let's Move are raising public awareness of junk food consumption.
- A/ concern B/ knowledge C/ difference D/ ignorance
84. Journalists are expected to present unprejudiced coverage of events.
- A/ unforeseen B/ biased C/ untold D/ preferable
85. I clearly remember talking to him in a chance meeting last summer.
- A. deliberate B. unplanned C. accidental D. unintentional

86. Getting a band 9.0 in the speaking test will not be a piece of cake.

- A. very easy B. very difficult C. very long D. very complex

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions

87. School uniform is compulsory in most of Vietnamese schools.

- A. depended B. required C. divided D. paid

88. In Scotland, students transfer from primary to secondary education at approximately age 12.

- A. compound B. base C. change D. move

89. The newlyweds agreed to be very frugal in their shopping because they wanted to save enough money to buy a house.

- A. wasteful B. interested C. economical D. hateful

90. Affluent nations have an obligation to help their neighbours, however, they quite often do just the opposites causing poor countries to be even poorer.

- A. sophisticated B. wealthy C. industrialized D. powerful

91. Having dealt with an endless stream of customers, the shop assistant was in need of a break.

- A/ so many B/ much water C/ so few D/ a small river

92. Without a plan of the building, it was hard to envisage what it would look like.

- A/ visualize B/ inspect C/ investigate D/ expect

93. During the recession, many small companies were eradicated.

- A. run on B. taken over C. wiped out D. set up

94. It's incredible how much Tom has changed since he met Sally.

- A. unbelievable B. difficult C. disappointed D. imaginable

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions: (conjunctions: although, even though, because ...)

95. Barry continued to smoke even though we had advised him to quit.

- A. Barry took our advice so he stopped smoking.
B. If we had advised Barry, he would have quit smoking.
C. Barry did not quit smoking because of our advice.
D. Despite being told not to smoke, Barry continued to do.

The teacher has done his best to help all students. However, none of them made any effort on their part

- A. The teacher has done his best to help all student, then, none of them made any effort on their part

- B. Although the teacher has done his best to help all students, none of them made any effort on their part
- C. Because the teacher has done his best to help all students, , none of them made any effort on their part
- D. If the teacher has done his best to help all students, , none of them made any effort on their part

96. They believe a single gunman carried out the attack.

- A. The attack's is believed to have carried out a single gunman
- B. A single gunman is believed to have carried out the attack
- C. It is believed to be carried out the attack by a single gunman.
- D. It is believed that the attack has been carried out by a single gunman.

97. It is said that he has broken several world records.

- A. People said that he has obtained several world records.
- B. He is said to have broken several world records.
- C. It is said that several world records has been destroyed by him.
- D. He is said that he has broken several world records.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence the best completes each of the following exchanges

98. Two friends Diana and Anne are talking about their upcoming exams.

- Diana: "Our midterm exams will start next Tuesday, are you ready?"
- Anne: "_____"

- A. I'm half ready.
- B. God save you.
- C. Thank you so much
- D. Don't mention it!

99. Mary is talking to her professor in his office.

- Mary:" Can you tell me how to find material for my science report, professor?"
- Professor:" _____"

- A. I like it that you understand.
- B. Try your best, Mary.
- C. You can borrow books from the library.
- D. You mean the podcasts from other students?

100. Flora and Victor are saying goodbye after going for a walk together .

- Flora: "Well, it's getting dark. We should have another date sometime."
- Victor: " _____"

- A. Sounds good. I'll give you a call.
- B. Nice to see back you.
- C. Take it easy.
- D. Yes, I've enjoyed it.

101. Linda and William are discussing in class.

- Linda: "Life would be better without government or rules."
- William: "_____. Such life would become more dangerous."

- A. You can say that again
- B. What nonsense!
- C. Yes, that's right
- D. No, I don't like

102. - Kate: "Have you got enough furniture for your new apartment?" - Sarah:

"_____"

- A/ The more, the better. (càng nhiều càng tốt)
- B/ No, I need much more.
- C/ Needless to say.(ko cần nói rằng)
- D/ Hope you drop in some day.

103. - Tina: "I'm sorry. I won't be able to come." - Susan: "_____"

- A/ Great!
- B/ Oh, that's annoying.
- C/ Well, never mind.(thật ra thì ko có gì đâu)
- D/ Sounds like fun. (nghe có vẻ vui)

104. Lien was walking her dogs in the park, she met Lan accidentally, Lan: "How lovely your pets are!"

- A. Thank you, it's nice of you to say so
- B. Really? They are
- C. Can you say that again
- D. I love them, too

105. "Could you pick me up before 3 o'clock?" "_____. I'm still at work then."

- A. I expect so
- B. I suppose not
- C. I'm afraid not
- D. Yes I could

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following question

106. Most parents prefer an education system which offers the children

- A
- B
- C

widest study options in the world.

D

107. The purpose of secondary education is to give common knowledge and

- A
- B

to prepare for either higher education and vocational education.

- C
- D

108. Higher education is very importance to national economies and it is also a source of trained and

A

B

educated personnel for the whole country

C

D

109. The oldest (A) newspaper in town, The Sentinel, was (B) published continuously (C) for 120 years (D).

110. The results of my (A) oral exam are out today (B) so I hope they (C) don't put it (D) up on the notice board.

111. The (A) footman, who was distributing (B) leaflets with Kutuzov's cantata, laid (C) one before Pierre as one of the principal (D) guests.

112. At (A) this time yesterday he was talking (B) to a friend he has not met (C) for (D) ten years.

113. The (A) students spread (B) our (C) picnic rug out on the ground and sat (D) down to have lunch .

114. While it was not formally (A) announced, there was an intimacy (sự thân mật) (B) from the public (C) that he would win the election (D) intimation (sự gợi ý)

115. Higher education is very (A) importance to national (B) economies and it is also a source of trained and (C) educated personnel for (D) the whole country.

116. Neither (A) Jane nor (B) Sarah explained me (C) why they were (D) so late.

117. Fertilizer, (A) which is added to the soil to replace or (B) increase plant nutrients, (C) include animal and green manure, fish and bone meal and (D) compost.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

The American education system requires that students complete 12 years of primary and secondary education prior to attending university or college. This may be accomplished either at public or ***government-operated*** schools, or at private schools. These 12 years of schooling or their equivalent may also be completed outside the USA, thus giving foreign students the opportunity to pursue the benefits of the American education system and obtain a quality American education. Perhaps one of the most impressive facts is that a large number of presidents, prime ministers and leaders from other countries have experienced the American education system and graduated from a university or school in the USA. In many fields and industries, the American education system offers the most cutting-edge, sought-after programs at the world's best schools. That is why graduating from an accredited

American school and being exposed to the rigors of the American education system is an investment in your future.

Whether you want to study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school, a thorough understanding of how the American education system works is essential. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student will find it difficult to make the right academic choices. It is no surprise that the American education system and the American school system host more international students than any other country in the world!

1. The expression **government-operated** could best be replaced by _____.

- A. independent B. state C. vocational D. boarding

2. According to the text, students in the USA _____.

- A. are made to take primary and secondary education in the country
B. are not necessarily take primary and secondary education in the country
C. spend less than 12 years for primary and secondary education
D. needn't take primary and secondary education

3. The writer _____ the US education.

- A. appreciates B. underestimates C. overstates D. dislikes

4. Which is true?

- A. The US education is not good enough for foreign students.
B. Foreign students are not offered opportunities in the US:
C. There are not many foreign students in the US.
D. Many leaders all over the world have studied in the US.

5. What is the writer's advice?

- A. International students should not invest their future education in the US.
B. International students should not study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school.
C. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student can make the right academic choices
D. International students should have a thorough understanding of how the American education system works before going there to study.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

As Chinese society changes, higher education is undergoing major transformations. The university model of the United States and other Western countries has a powerful influence. New trends in Chinese higher education are attracting the attention of global educators. Since the

establishment of Western-oriented modern universities at the end of nineteenth century, Chinese higher education has continued to evolve. Over the past two decades, however, tremendous economic development in China has stimulated reforms in higher education that have resulted in some remarkable changes.

The first modern institution, Peiyang University, was founded in Tianjin. The university changed its name to Tianjin University in 1951 and became one of the leading universities in China: Next, Jiaotong University was founded in Shanghai in 1896. In the 1950s, most of this university was moved to Xi'an, an ancient capital city in northwest China, and became Xi'an Jiaotong University; the part of the university remaining in Shanghai was renamed Shanghai Jiaotong University.

Tianjin University celebrated its hundredth anniversary in 1995, followed by Xi'an Jiaotong and Shanghai Jiaotong Universities in 1996. Other leading universities, such as Zhejiang University (1897), Beijing University (1898), and Nanjing University (1902) also recently celebrated their hundredth anniversaries, one after another. These celebrations marked the beginning of a new chapter in Chinese higher education.

1. The text is about _____.
 - A. Chinese education system
 - B. some famous universities in China
 - C. the western influences on Chinese education
 - D. application for a university in China
2. Chinese higher education _____.
 - A. is not affected by any others
 - B. has not really well-developed
 - C. has developed since the end of nineteenth century
 - D. is not paid any attention by global educators
3. Chinese higher education _____.
 - A. has been stable since nineteenth century
 - B. has decreased over the past two decades
 - C. has not got any changes
 - D. has been affected by the country's economic development
4. Tianjin University was founded in _____.
 - A. 1895
 - B. 1896
 - C. 1950
 - D. 1951
5. Which university celebrated the hundredth anniversaries in 2002?
 - A. Nanjing University
 - B. Shanghai Jiaotong University

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Preparation is a key to a successful interview. Does the idea of going to a job interview make you feel a little nervous? Many people find that it is the hardest part of the employing process. But it is not really true. The more you prepare and practice, the more comfortable you will feel. You should find out as much as possible about the company before you go to the interview. Understand the products that they produce and the services that they provide. It is also good to know who the customers are and who the major competitors are. Practice makes perfect. It will also make you feel more confident and relaxed. So, practice your answers to common questions. Make a list of questions to ask, too. Almost all interviewers will ask if you have questions. This is a great opportunity for you to show your keenness, enthusiasm, and knowledge.

Make a great impression. The interview is your chance to show that you are the best person for the job. Your application or resume has already exhibited that you are qualified. Now it is up to you to show how your skills and experience match this position and this company. The employer will be looking and listening to determine if you are a good fit. He/she will be looking for a number of different qualities, in addition to the skills that you possess. To make the best impression, dress appropriately; express your strengths; arrive early, by about 10-15 minutes; be enthusiastic; shake hands firmly; be an active listener; sit up straight and maintain eye contact; and ask questions

After the interview, follow up with a thank-you note. This is a chance for you to restate your interest and how you can benefit the company. Your best bet is to try to time it so that the note gets there before the hiring decision is made. You should also follow up with a phone call if you do not hear back from the employer within the specified time.

1. The pronoun it refers to _____.

A. the job

B. the interview

C. the interviewer

D. the preparation

2. What does the writer advise you to practice?

A. Asking and answering questions related to the job.

B. Making products that the company produces.

C. Providing services that the company serves.

D. Meeting some customers and competitors.

3. Which should not be shown during your interview?

A. Punctuality

B. A firm hand shaking

C. Being properly-dressed

D. Weaknesses

4. You can show your qualifications in the
- A. dressing style and punctuality
 - B. competing with the competitors
 - C. resume and letter of application
 - D. eye contact with the interview

5. Which is not included in the writer's advice?
- A. You should not communicate with the interviewer after the interview.
 - B. You 'should make the best impression in the interview.
 - C. You should write a note to say thanks to the interviewer after the interview,
 - D. You should telephone the interviewer for any information after the interview.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question from 45 to 50.

Someday people will certainly try to build settlements on the moon. The best place for houses in a moon town will be a cave or a tunnel. Underground houses will not be squashed by meteorites that constantly fall on the moon from outer space. This will be important on the moon, since daytime is so hot that food could be cooked in the rocks, and the nights get bitterly cold. Pioneer moon homes may be made of airtight plastic that can be blown up like a balloon inside the cave. The reason for this is that the moon has no air around it. The pioneers will have to take along from the earth the oxygen masks when they are away from home. But the balloon house itself will be filled with air. Perhaps the house will have beds, tables and chairs, built into it. These can be inflated, too. So people will sleep, eat and work on air! Moon-house building will be easy. The moon's gravity is less than the earth's. Everything weighs only one-sixth as much as it does on the earth.

1. In a moon town, what is the best place for houses?
- A. a cave
 - B. a balloon
 - C. a tunnel
 - D. either A or C
2. Which of the following is TRUE
- A. The people on the moon will not leave their homes
 - B. The people on the moon will wear oxygen masks when they leave their homes
 - C. The moon homes are made of plastic
 - D. The temperature in a cave changes as much as the temperature outside.
3. Why will the pioneers have to take along from the earth the oxygen they need for breathing?
- A. Because the moon homes are made of airtight plastic.
 - B. Because the balloon house will be filled with air.
 - C. Because moon people will sleep, eat and work on air.
 - D. Because the moon has no air around it.
4. If a stone weighs 18 tons on the earth, how much does it weigh on the moon?

- A. six tons
 - B. fifty-five tons
 - C. one hundred and eight tons
 - D. three tons
5. According to the passage, can people build cities on the moon?
- A. No, they can't.
 - B. Perhaps people can do.
 - C. Of course. People can build cities on the moon in the future.
 - D. People only think so

III. EXERCISE

A. PASSIVE VOICE

1. Bicycles _____ in the driveway.
- A. must not leave
 - B. must not be leaving
 - C. must not be left
 - D. must not have left
2. Beethoven's Fifth Symphony _____ next weekend.
- A. is going to be performed
 - B. has been performed
 - C. will be performing
 - D. will have performed
3. Reagan _____ an actor years ago.
- A. is said to be
 - B. was said being
 - C. was said have been
 - D. is said to have been
4. I hate _____ personal questions by newly-acquainted friends.
- A. to be asking
 - B. to be asked
 - C. being asking
 - D. of asking
5. All bottles _____ before transportation.
- A. frozen
 - B. were froze
 - C. were frozen
 - D. are froze
6. The trees _____.
- A. were grown by John yesterday in the backyard
 - B. were grown in the backyard by John yesterday
 - C. were grown in the backyard yesterday by John
 - D. in the backyard were grown yesterday by John
7. _____ yet?
- A. Have the letters been typed
 - B. Have been the letters typed
 - C. Have the letters typed
 - D. Had the letters typed
8. The telephone _____ by Alexander Graham Bell.
- A. is invented
 - B. is inventing
 - C. invented
 - D. was invented

9. Lots of houses _____ by the earthquake.
A. are destroying B. destroyed C. were destroying D. were destroyed
10. In the US the first stage of compulsory education _____ as elementary education.
A. to be generally known B. is generally known
C. generally known D. is generally knowing
11. Many people think Steve stole the money.
A. It was not Steve who stole the money.
B. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.
C. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.
D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.
12. The man suddenly realized that the neighbor was watching him.
A. The man suddenly realized that he was being watched by the neighbor.
B. The neighbor was watching the man and he suddenly realized that.
C. The neighbor was suddenly realized the man and watching him.
D. The man suddenly realized that he was watched by the neighbor.
13. People say that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
A. It was said that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
B. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were said to be destroyed.
C. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to have destroyed.
D. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to have been destroyed.
14. It is believed that a buried treasure was hidden in the tomb.
A. They believed that a buried treasure was hidden in the tomb.
B. A buried treasure is believed that was hidden in the tomb.
C. A buried treasure is believed to hide in the tomb.
D. A buried treasure is believed to have been hidden in the tomb.
15. They predict that a heavy storm will come in the area.
A heavy storm is predicted to have come in the area.
B. It is predicted that a heavy storm would come in the area.
C. A heavy storm is predicted to come in the area.
D. It is predicted that a heavy storm came in the area.
16. It is said that many people are homeless after the floods.
A. Many people say to be homeless after the floods.
B. Many people said are homeless after the floods.
C. Many people are said to be homeless after the floods.

D. Many people are said to have been homeless after the floods.

B. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES (IF)

1. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf:
 - A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf.
 - B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf.
 - C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall.
 - D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf.
2. If only(giá như) I had studied hard enough to pass the final exam.
 - A. I regret not studying hard enough to pass the final exam.
 - B. I had studied hard enough and I passed the final exam.
 - C. I studied too hard to pass the final exam.
 - D. I studied hard otherwise(nếu ko thì) I would fail the final exam.
3. John speaks Chinese fluently because he used to live in China for ten years.
 - A. Suppose John has lived in China for ten years, he can speak Chinese fluently.
 - B. Provided that John lived in China for ten years, he could speak Chinese fluently.
 - C. Unless John had lived in China for ten years, he could not have spoken Chinese fluently.
 - D. John could not speak Chinese fluently if he had not lived in China for ten years.
4. Peter said if he were me he would stop smoking.
 - A. I wanted Peter to stop smoking and he promised to do.
 - B. Peter promised to stop smoking.
 - C. Peter said he would stop smoking as I wanted him to.
 - D. Peter advised me to stop smoking.
5. I will agree to these conditions provided that they increase my salary.
 - A. They did not increase my salary so I quit the job.
 - B. I will only agree these conditions if they give me more money.
 - C. They give me more money or I will only agree these conditions.
 - D. Unless they give me more money, I will only agree these conditions.
6. I think you should stop smoking.
 - A. if I am you, I will stop smoking.
 - B. if I were you, I will stop smoking.
 - C. if I were you, I would stop smoking.
 - D. if I had been you, I would stop smoking.
7. If I were you, I would work harder.
 - A. you would rather not work so hard

- B. you should work harder
 - C. you should work with me
 - D. you do not work so hard.
8. We did not visit the museum because we had no time.
- A. If we have time, we will visit the museum.
 - B. If we had time, we would visit the museum.
 - C. If we had had time, we would have visited the museum.
 - D. If we had had time, we will visit the museum.
9. We didn't go by air because I didn't have enough money.
- A. We would go by air if we had enough money .
 - B. We would have gone by air if we had had enough money .
 - C. we had had enough money if we would have gone by air.
 - D. If we would go by air , we had enough money.
10. I don't know philosophy, so I can't answer your questions.
- A. If I know philosophy, I can't answer your questions.
 - B. If I philosophy, I will be able to answer your questions.
 - C. If I knew philosophy, I would be able to answer your questions.
 - D. If I had known philosophy, I would have been able to answer your questions.
11. She didn't stop her car because she didn't see the signal.
- A. If she saw the signal, she would stop her car.
 - B. If she had seen the signal, she would stop her car.
 - C. If she had seen the signal, she would have stopped her car.
 - D. If she saw the signal, she would have stopped her car.
12. His flight was delayed so he couldn't be here on time.
- A. He would be here in time if his flight were not delayed.
 - B. He would have been here in time if his flight hadn't been delayed.
 - C. He would be here in time if his flight hadn't been delayed.
 - D. He would have been here in time if his flight weren't delayed.
13. "I couldn't have made it without your help" means
- A. I couldn't have made it if you helped me.
 - B. I couldn't have made it if you had helped me.
 - C. I couldn't have made it if you hadn't helped me.
 - D. I couldn't have made it if you didn't help me.
14. Without your help, I couldn't overcome the problem.

- A. If you don't help me, I can't overcome the problem.
B. If you didn't help me, I couldn't overcome the problem.
C. If you hadn't helped me, I couldn't overcome the problem.
D. If you hadn't helped me, I couldn't have overcome the problem.
15. Thanks to Laura's report, I was able to finish the project.
A. If there isn't Laura's report, I wouldn't finish the project.
B. Had it not been for Laura's report, I wouldn't have been to finish the project.
C. If Laura didn't help me, I wouldn't finish the project.
D. I wouldn't have finished the project if Laura didn't help me.
16. I have to work tomorrow morning, so I can't meet you.
A. If I don't have to work tomorrow morning, I can meet you.
B. If I didn't have to work tomorrow morning, I would meet you.
C. I could meet you if I don't have to work tomorrow morning.
D. I can meet you if I didn't have to work tomorrow morning.
17. I don't have enough money with me now; otherwise I would buy that coat.
A. If I didn't have money with me now, I would buy that coat.
B. If I had money with me now, I would buy that coat.
C. If I had money with me now, I wouldn't buy that house.
D. If I didn't have money with me now, I wouldn't buy that house.
18. You drink too much coffee, that's why you can't sleep.
A. If you drank less coffee, you would be able to sleep.
B. You drink much coffee and you can sleep.
C. You wouldn't sleep well if you hadn't drink any coffee.
D. You can sleep better without coffee.
19. Susan felt sick because she got caught in the rain.
A. If Susan got caught in the rain, she would felt sick.
B. If Susan hadn't got caught in the rain, she wouldn't have felt sick.
C. If Susan hadn't got caught in the rain, she wouldn't feel sick.
D. Susan got caught in the rain and she still felt sick.
20. He didn't hurry so he missed the plane.
A. If he hurried, he wouldn't miss the plane.
B. If he had hurried, he might catch the plane.
C. If he had hurried, he could have caught the plane.
D. He didn't miss the plane because he hurried.

C. RELATIVE CLAUSES

1. The film about _____ they are talking about is fantastic.
A. Who B. which C. whom D. that
2. He is the boy _____ is my best friend.
A. That B. whom C. who D. whose
3. I live in a pleasant room _____ the garden.
A. to overlook B. overlooking C. overlooked D. which overlooking
4. The pilot was the only man _____ after the crash.
A. was rescued B. rescued C. rescuing D. to be rescued
5. I'll see you near the post office _____ we met the other day.
A. Which B. where C. when D. why
6. The people _____ for the bus in the rain are getting well.
A. waiting B. to wait C. waited D. wait
7. I have a message for people _____ by the traffic chaos.
A. to delay B. who delay C. delayed D. who delaying
8. Melanie was the only person _____ a letter of thanks.
A. Wrote B. written C. to write D. writing
9. I met a lot of new people at the party _____ names I can't remember.
A. Whose B. which C. who D. whom
10. Tell me the reason _____ you were absent yesterday.
A. Where B. when C. why D. that
11. I think doctors _____ work in disaster areas are both unselfish and very brave.
A. who B. which C. they D. those
12. 2005 was the year _____ there was a big earthquake in Indonesia.
A. which B. where C. who D. when
13. Mai is the girl _____ mother is an architect.
A. who B. whose C. which D. that
14. A snake or a spider is the animal _____ she'd like to keep as a pet.
A. where B. what C. that D. when
15. My older brother, _____ was twenty-two last month, has gone to work in India.
A. who B. that C. he D. which
16. India is the country _____ he spent the early years of his life.
A. at which B. on which C. that D. where
17. The girls and flowers _____ he painted were vivid.

A. who B. that C. whose D. which

18. Children always want to know the reason _____ things are as they are.

A. why B. whom C. which D. who

19. Is the first of March the day _____ the astronaut will come and give a speech at our school?

A. that B. what C. which D. when

20. There was a storm _____ I had never experienced before.

A. such as B. as which C. which D. for which

D. ALTHOUGH/DESPITE

1. Although he was tired, he kept on working.

A. Despite his tiredness, he kept on working.

B. Despite of his tiredness, he kept on working.

C. Despite his being tiredness, he kept on working.

D. Despite his tiring, he kept on working.

2. Although she is intelligent, she doesn't do well at school.

A. In spite of intelligent, but she doesn't do well at school.

B. Even though her intelligent, yet she doesn't do well at school.

C. Despite being intelligent, she doesn't do well at school.

D. Although the fact that her intelligence, she doesn't do well at school.

Choose the best answer

1. We decided not to go out for a meal _____ we were simply too tired.

A. because B. in spite of C. although D. so that

2. Have you really got no money _____ the fact that you've had a job?

A. in spite of B. although C. because of D. in order to

3. Sarah can't climb up the tree _____ her fear of heights.

A. despite B. although C. because of D. so as to

4. Matthew looked quite fresh _____ he'd been playing squash.

A. in spite of B. although C. because D. in order to

5. John was not hired _____ he had the necessary qualifications.

A. in spite of B. although C. because of D. in order to

Task 1. Fill in the blanks, using *although*, *in spite of*, *because* or *because of*

1. _____ it rained a lot, we enjoyed our holiday.

2. Daniel forgot his passport _____ having it in his list.

3. I couldn't get to sleep _____ the noise.
4. _____ I had nothing for lunch but an apple, I ate dinner early.
5. A lot of things went wrong _____ all our careful plans.
6. She wasn't wearing a coat _____ it was quite cold.
7. He only accepted the job _____ the salary, which was very high.
8. I went home early _____ I was feeling unwell.
9. _____ I knew the truth, I decided not to tell them.
10. The villagers refused to leave _____ the drought.

REWRITE

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first

1. Although he ate a big lunch, he had a three-course meal in the evening.
In spite.....
2. In spite of all our warnings, he left camp without taking his rifle.
Although
3. Although the play received good notices, not many people went to see it.
Despite the fact
4. While I strongly disapprove of your behaviour, I will help you this time.
Despite my
5. They worked with all their heart in spite of not being well- paid.
Though they.....
6. Despite the noise, I kept on studying.
Although.....